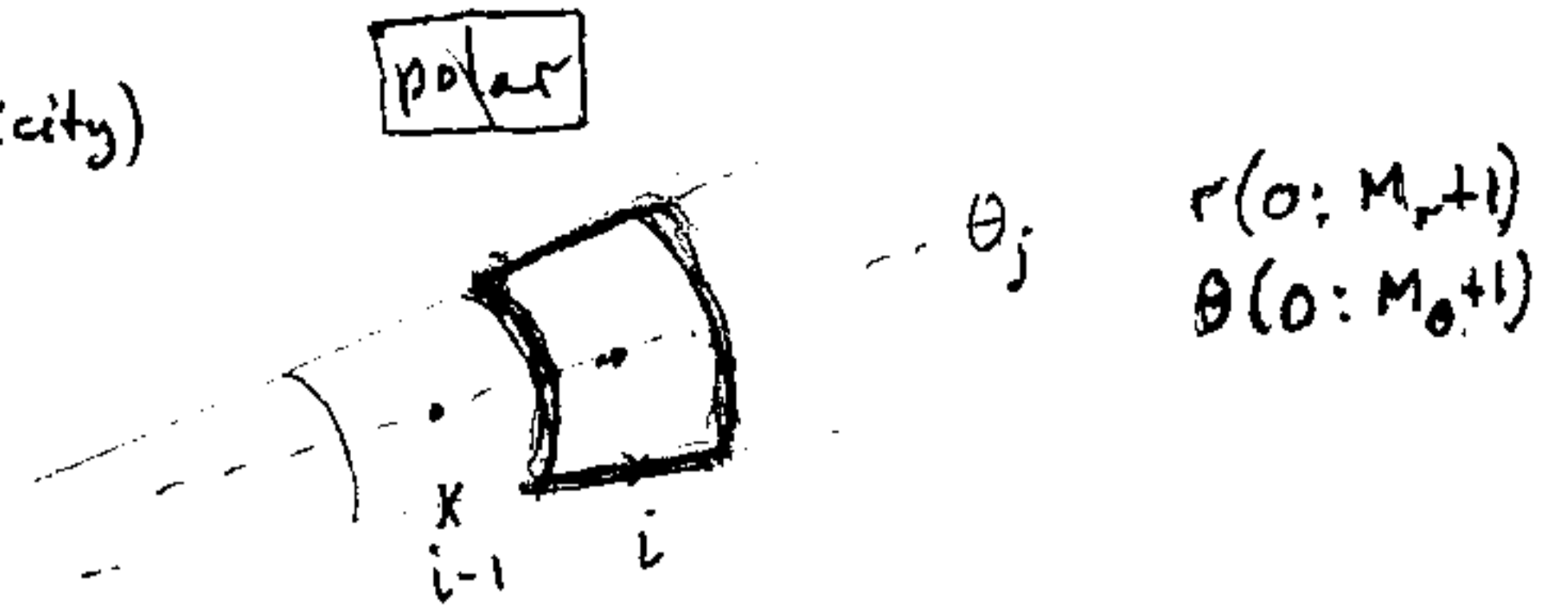
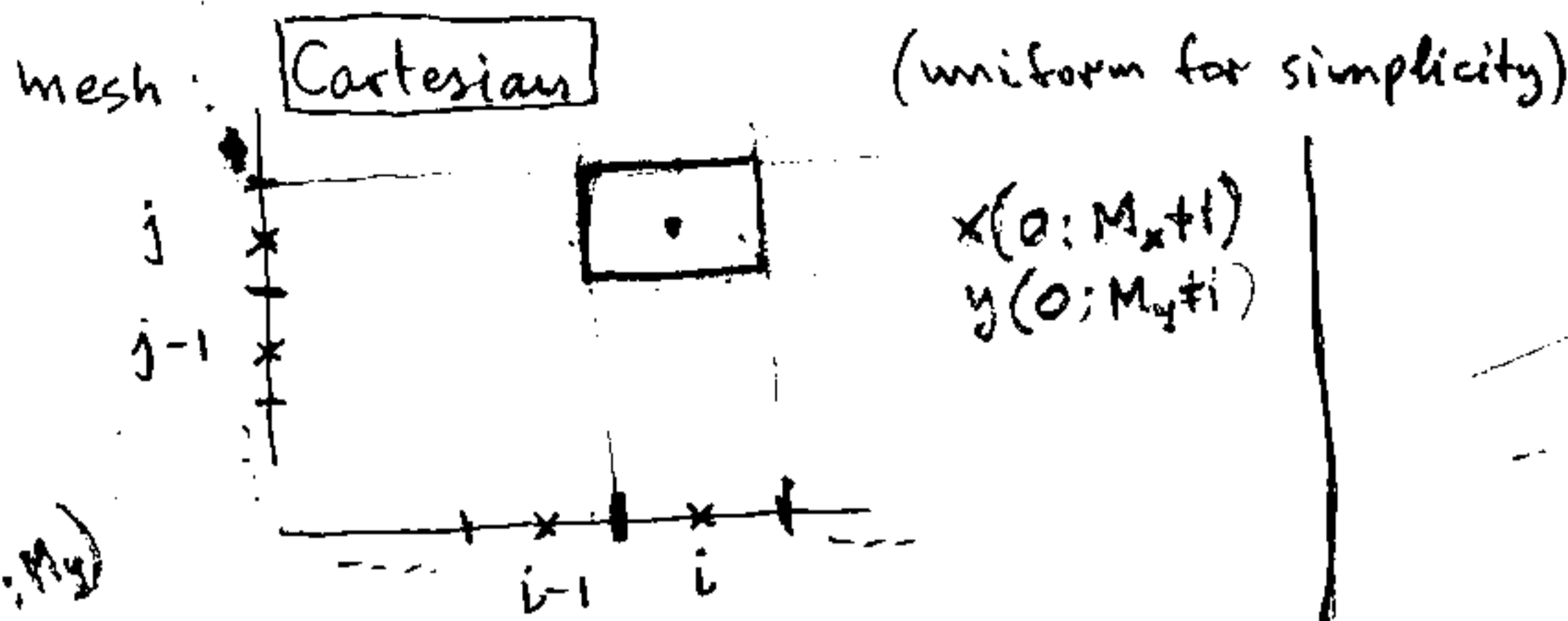


2-D case: $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot \vec{F} = 0$ in Ω



Control volume ΔV_{ij} , $\Delta V_{ij} = \Delta x \Delta y$

x-faces: $A_{i-1/2, j} = \Delta y = A_{i+1/2, j}$

y-faces: $A_{i, j-1/2} = \Delta x = A_{i, j+1/2}$

$\Delta V_{ij} = r_i \Delta r \Delta \theta$

r-faces: $A_{i-1/2, j} = r_{i-1/2} \Delta \theta$, $A_{i+1/2, j} = r_{i+1/2} \Delta \theta$

θ -faces: $A_{i, j-1/2} = \Delta r = A_{i, j+1/2}$

FV discretization: integrate over V_{ij} and over $[t_n, t_{n+1}]$:

$$\int_{t_n}^{t_{n+1}} \int_{V_{ij}} \frac{\partial u}{\partial t} dV dt + \int_{t_n}^{t_{n+1}} \int_{V_{ij}} \nabla \cdot \vec{F} dV dt = 0, \text{ by Divergence Thm}$$

$$\int_{V_{ij}} \nabla \cdot \vec{F} dV = \sum_{\text{face}} \int \vec{F} \cdot \vec{n} dA = \sum_{\text{face}} (AF)_{\text{face}}$$

Set $U_{ij}^n = \frac{1}{\Delta V_{ij}} \int_{V_{ij}} u dV$, $(AF)_{\text{face}}^{n+\theta} = \frac{1}{\Delta t} \int_{t_n}^{t_{n+1}} (AF)_{\text{face}} dt = \text{mean flow rate across face during a time step}$

= mean u over V_{ij} at time t_n

$$\Rightarrow \Delta V_{ij} [U_{ij}^{n+1} - U_{ij}^n] + \Delta t \sum_{\text{faces}} (AF)_{\text{face}}^{n+\theta} = 0 \quad \forall i, j$$

Explicit scheme: $\theta = 0 \Rightarrow$ explicit update

$$U_{ij}^{n+1} = U_{ij}^n + \frac{\Delta t}{\Delta V_{ij}} \left[(AF)_{i-1/2, j}^n - (AF)_{i+1/2, j}^n + (AF)_{i, j-1/2}^n - (AF)_{i, j+1/2}^n \right]$$

Advection: $\vec{F} = \vec{v} u$

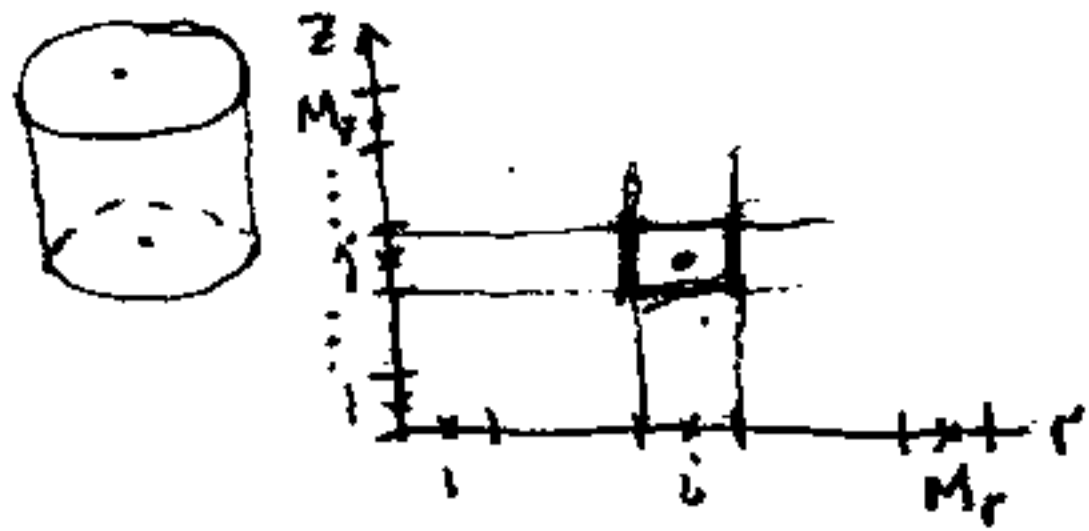
upwind fluxes:

$$F_{i-1/2, j}^n = \begin{cases} v_{i-1/2, j}^n U_{i-1, j}^n & \text{if } v > 0 \\ v_{i-1/2, j}^n U_{i, j}^n & \text{if } v < 0 \end{cases}, \quad F_{i, j-1/2}^n = \begin{cases} v_{i, j-1/2}^n U_{i, j-1}^n & \text{if } v > 0 \\ v_{i, j-1/2}^n U_{i, j}^n & \text{if } v < 0 \end{cases}$$

Diffusion: $\vec{F} = -D \nabla u$: $F_{i-1/2, j} = -D \frac{U_{i, j} - U_{i-1, j}}{\Delta x}$, $F_{i, j-1/2} = -D \frac{U_{i, j} - U_{i, j-1}}{\Delta y}$

Advection-Diffusion: $\vec{F} = \vec{v} u - D \nabla u = F_{adv} + F_{dif}$

Axisymmetric in (r, z) coordinates: $u(r, z)$, independent of angle θ , $0 \leq \theta \leq 2\pi$



areas: $A_{i-\frac{1}{2}, j}^r = 2\pi r_{i-\frac{1}{2}} \Delta z$

$A_{i, j-\frac{1}{2}}^z = \pi r_{i+\frac{1}{2}}^2 - \pi r_{i-\frac{1}{2}}^2 = 2\pi \frac{r_{i+\frac{1}{2}} + r_{i-\frac{1}{2}}}{2} \Delta r = 2\pi r_i \Delta r \quad \forall j$

for uniform mesh
or with nodes midway of faces

$V_{ij} = A_{i, j-\frac{1}{2}}^z \cdot \Delta z = 2\pi r_i \Delta r \cdot \Delta z$

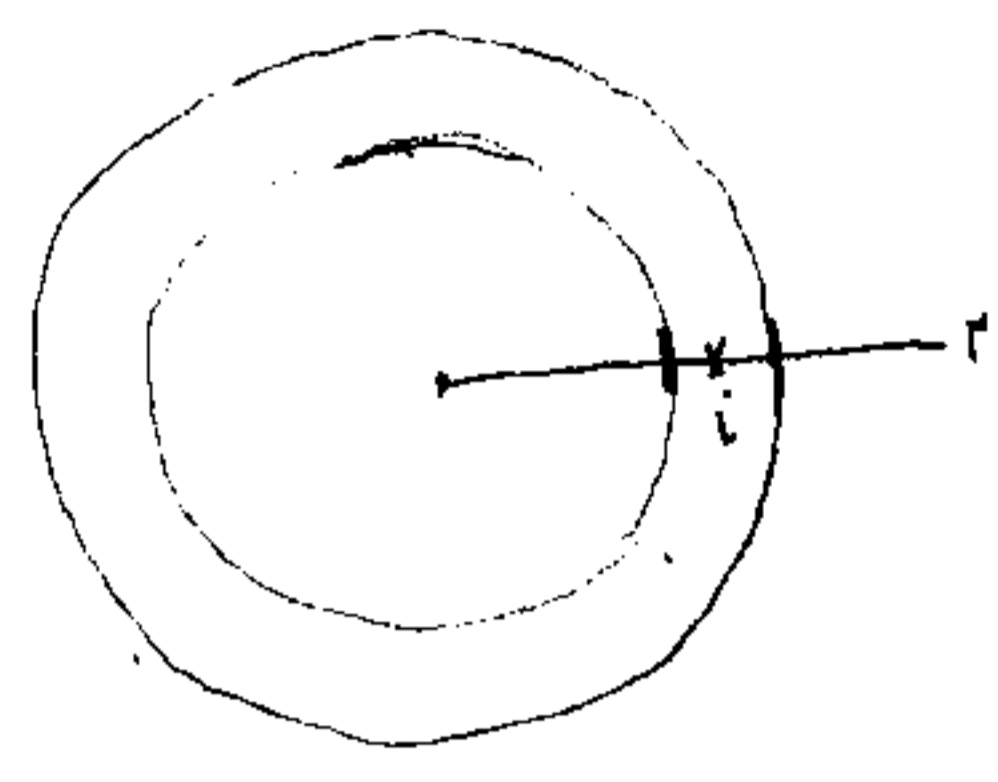
V_{ij} : rotated
all around
(a washer)

diffusion fluxes

$F_{r, i-\frac{1}{2}, j} = -D_r \frac{U_{ij} - U_{i-1, j}}{\Delta r}$, $F_{z, i, j-\frac{1}{2}} = -D_z \frac{U_{ij} - U_{i, j-1}}{\Delta z}$

$U_{ij}^{n+1} = U_{ij}^n + \frac{\Delta t}{V_{ij}} \left[(AF_r)_{i-\frac{1}{2}, j}^n - (AF_r)_{i+\frac{1}{2}, j}^n + (AF_z)_{i, j-\frac{1}{2}}^n - (AF_z)_{i, j+\frac{1}{2}}^n \right]$

for $u_t = \nabla \cdot (D \nabla u) = \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left(r D_r \frac{\partial u}{\partial r} \right) + \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left(D_z \frac{\partial u}{\partial z} \right)$



grad, div, Laplacian in standard coordinate systems

2D Cartesian: $\nabla u = \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial x}, \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \right) u$
 $\nabla \cdot \vec{F} = \frac{\partial F_1}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial F_2}{\partial y}$
 $\nabla^2 u = \nabla \cdot \nabla u = \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2}$

Polar: (r, θ)
 $x = r \cos \theta$
 $y = r \sin \theta$
 $\nabla u = \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial r}, \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial u}{\partial \theta} \right)$
 $\nabla \cdot \vec{F} = \frac{1}{r} \left[\frac{\partial}{\partial r} (r F_1) + \frac{\partial F_2}{\partial \theta} \right]$
 $\nabla^2 u = \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left(r \frac{\partial u}{\partial r} \right) + \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial \theta^2}$

Cylindrical (r, θ, z)
 $x = r \cos \theta$
 $y = r \sin \theta$
 $z = z$
 $\nabla u = \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial r}, \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial u}{\partial \theta}, \frac{\partial u}{\partial z} \right)$
 $\nabla \cdot \vec{F} = \frac{1}{r} \left[\frac{\partial}{\partial r} (r F_1) + \frac{\partial F_2}{\partial \theta} \right] + \frac{\partial F_3}{\partial z}$
 $\nabla^2 u = \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left(r \frac{\partial u}{\partial r} \right) + \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial \theta^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial z^2}$

Spherical (r, ϕ, θ)
 $\nabla u = \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial r}, \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial u}{\partial \phi}, \frac{1}{r \sin \phi} \frac{\partial u}{\partial \theta} \right)$
 $\nabla \cdot \vec{F} = \frac{1}{r^2 \sin \phi} \left[\frac{\partial}{\partial r} (r^2 \sin \phi F_1) + \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi} (r \sin \phi F_2) + \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} (r F_3) \right]$
 $\nabla^2 u = \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left(r^2 \frac{\partial u}{\partial r} \right) + \frac{1}{r^2 \sin \phi} \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi} \left(\sin \phi \frac{\partial u}{\partial \phi} \right) + \frac{1}{r^2 \sin^2 \phi} \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial \theta^2}$

