

Math 241**Computing Line Integrals**

Work = $\int_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r}$ where $\mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = \langle P(x, y, z), Q(x, y, z), R(x, y, z) \rangle$

First rewrite in the form $\int_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r} = \int_C Pdx + Qdy + Rdz$

Then parametrize C, check orientation, substitute and evaluate.

Example 1: $\mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = \langle x, xy, x+z \rangle$ and C is a line from P(0, 1, 2) to Q(1, 0, 4)

Rewrite $\int_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r} = \int_C xdx + xydy + (x+z)dz$

C: the vector PQ is $\langle 1, -1, 2 \rangle$

$$x = t \quad dx = dt \quad \int_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r} = \int_0^1 (t)(1) + (t)(-t+1)(-1) + (t+2t+2)2dt$$

$$y = -t + 1 \quad dy = -1 dt \quad = \int_0^1 t^2 + 7t + 4 dt$$

$$z = 2t + 2 \quad dz = 2 dt \quad = 47/6$$

$$0 \leq t \leq 1$$

Example 2: Change the curve to a helix

$$x = \cos t \quad dx = -\sin t dt \quad \int_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r} = \int_0^{2\pi} (\cos t)(-\sin t) + (\cos t \sin t)(\cos t) + (\cos t + t) dt$$

$$y = \sin t \quad dy = \cos t dt \quad \int_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r} = \int_0^{2\pi} -\cos t \sin t + \cos^2 t \sin t + \cos t + t dt$$

$$z = t \quad dz = dt \quad = 2\pi^2$$

$$0 < t < 2\pi$$

Example 3: C is the curve $C_1: \langle t, t^2, t^3 \rangle$ $0 \leq t \leq 1$, followed by C_2 , the line from P(1, 1, 1) to Q(1, 2, 3) This is really two separate computations which are added together. The notation for C is $C = C_1 + C_2$ and $\int_{C_1+C_2} \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r} = \int_{C_1} \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r} + \int_{C_2} \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r}$

C_1 :

$$x = t \quad dx = dt \quad \int_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r} = \int_0^1 t + t t^2 2t + (t + t^3) 3t^2 dt$$

$$y = t^2 \quad dy = 2t dt \quad = \int_0^1 3t^5 + 2t^4 + 3t^3 + t dt$$

$$z = t^3 \quad dz = 3t^2 dt \quad = 1/2 + 2/5 + 3/4 + 1/2 = 43/20$$

C_2 : the direction vector PQ is $\langle 1, 1, 2 \rangle$

$$x = t + 1 \quad dx = dt \quad \int_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r} = \int_0^1 (t+1) + (t+1)(t+1) + (t+1+2t+1)2dt$$

$$y = t + 1 \quad dy = dt \quad = \int_0^1 t^2 + 9t + 6dt$$

$$z = 2t + 1 \quad dz = 2 dt \quad = 1/3 + 9/2 + 6 = 65/6$$

$$\int_{C_1+C_2} \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r} = \int_{C_1} \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r} + \int_{C_2} \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r} = 43/20 + 65/6 = 779/60$$