

Finishing $(\sin t)y'' - 2(\cos t)y' - \sin t y = 0 \quad (0 < t < \pi)$

$$\ln |W| = \int \frac{W'}{W} dw = \int \frac{2}{\sin t \cos t} dt$$

$$= \int \frac{2 \cancel{\cos t}}{\sin t \cos^2 t} dt$$

$$= \int \frac{2 \cos t}{\sin t (1 - \sin^2 t)} dt$$

$$= \int \frac{2}{u(1-u^2)} du = \int \frac{A}{1-u} + \frac{B}{1+u} + \frac{C}{u} du$$

$$\frac{A}{1-u} + \frac{B}{1+u} + \frac{C}{u} = \frac{2}{u(1-u^2)} \Rightarrow A(1+u)u + B(1-u)u + C(1+u)(1-u) = 2$$

$$\text{let } u=0 \Rightarrow C=2$$

$$u=1 \Rightarrow A=1$$

$$u=-1 \Rightarrow B=-1$$

$$W = \int \frac{1}{1-u} - \frac{1}{1+u} + \frac{2}{u} du = -\ln|1-\sin t| - \ln|1+\sin t| + 2\ln|u|$$

$$= \ln \left| \frac{\sin^2 t}{1-\sin^2 t} \right| = \ln |\tan^2 t|$$

$$\Rightarrow W = \tan^2 t$$

$$\Rightarrow v' = \tan^2 t \Rightarrow v = \int \tan^2 t dt$$

$$= \int \frac{\sin^2 t}{\cos^2 t} dt = \int \frac{1-\cos^2 t}{\cos^2 t} dt = \int \sec^2 t - 1 dt = \underline{\underline{\tan t - t}}$$

→ can take $v = \tan t - t$

then $y_2 = (\tan t - t) \cos t$

and $y = c_1 \cos t + c_2 (\tan t - t) \cos t \quad //$