

Ex 1:

$$\int \frac{z^3}{\sqrt{9-z^2}} dz$$

$$\text{let } u = 9 - z^2 \Rightarrow z^2 = 9 - u$$

$$du = -2z dz$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} du = z dz$$

$$= \int \frac{z^2}{\sqrt{9-z^2}} \cdot z dz = \int \frac{9-u}{\sqrt{u}} \cdot \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) du$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \int u^{-1/2} (9-u) du = -\frac{1}{2} \int 9u^{-1/2} - u^{1/2} du$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{9u^{1/2}}{1/2} - \frac{u^{3/2}}{3/2} \right] + C$$

$$= -9\sqrt{9-z^2} + \frac{1}{3}(9-z^2)^{3/2} + C$$

Ex 2:

$$\int \frac{dx}{(x^2+9)^3}$$

$$\text{since } 9\tan^2\theta + 9 = 9\sec^2\theta$$

$$\text{let } x = 3\tan\theta$$

$$\Rightarrow dx = 3\sec^2\theta d\theta$$

$$= \int \frac{3\sec^2\theta}{(9\tan^2\theta+9)^3} d\theta$$

$$= \int \frac{3\sec^2\theta}{(9\sec^2\theta)^3} d\theta = \frac{3}{9^3} \int \frac{1}{\sec^4\theta} d\theta = \frac{3}{9^3} \int \cos^4\theta d\theta$$

$$= \frac{3}{9^3} \int \left( \frac{1 + \cos(2\theta)}{2} \right)^2 d\theta = \frac{3}{4 \cdot 9^3} \int 1 + 2\cos(2\theta) + \cos^2(2\theta) d\theta$$

$$= \frac{3}{4 \cdot 9^3} \left[ \theta + \sin(2\theta) + \int \cos^2(2\theta) d\theta \right]$$

$$= \frac{3}{4 \cdot 9^3} \left[ \theta + \sin(2\theta) + \frac{1}{2} \int (1 + \cos(4\theta)) d\theta \right]$$

$$= \frac{3}{4 \cdot 9^3} \left[ \theta + \sin(2\theta) + \frac{1}{2} \left[ \theta + \frac{\sin(4\theta)}{4} \right] \right] + C$$

Since  $\sin(2\theta) = 2\sin\theta\cos\theta$

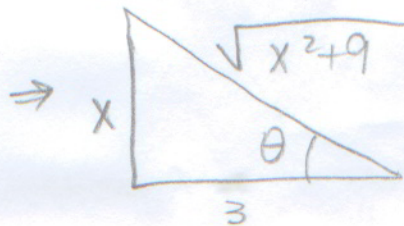
$$\hookrightarrow = \frac{3}{4 \cdot 9^3} \left[ \theta + 2\sin\theta\cos\theta + \frac{1}{2} \left[ \theta + \frac{2}{4}\sin(2\theta)\cos(2\theta) \right] \right] + C$$

Since  $\cos(2\theta) = \cos^2\theta - \sin^2\theta$

$$\hookrightarrow = \frac{3}{4 \cdot 9^3} \left[ \frac{3\theta}{2} + 2\sin\theta\cos\theta + \frac{1}{4}\sin\theta\cos\theta(\cos^2\theta - \sin^2\theta) \right] + C$$

we had:

$$\frac{x}{3} = \tan\theta \Rightarrow x$$



So

$$= \frac{3}{4 \cdot 9^3} \left[ \frac{3}{2} \arctan\left(\frac{x}{3}\right) + 2 \left( \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2+9}} \right) \left( \frac{3}{\sqrt{x^2+9}} \right) + \frac{1}{4} \left( \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2+9}} \right) \left( \frac{3}{\sqrt{x^2+9}} \right) \left( \frac{9}{x^2+9} - \frac{x^2}{x^2+9} \right) \right] + C$$