You should work through this as you would an actual exam. Time yourself, and try to solve each problem alone without using your notes or your book.

1. Find

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x}\sin e^{\sin x}$$

2. Find an equation for the tangent line to the parametric equation

$$\begin{array}{rcl} x & = & 2^t \\ y & = & \tan t^2 \end{array}$$

when t = 2.

- 3. Find an equation for the tangent line to $r = \cos \theta$ when $(r, \theta) = (-1, \pi)$.
- 4. Find y' if $xe^y = y \sin x$.
- 5. State and prove the differentiation rule for

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x} \sec^{-1}x$$

6. Find

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x}\ln\frac{x^2}{x+1}$$

7. Find

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}x}\sqrt{x}^{\sqrt[3]{x}}$$

- 8. Use local linear approximation to approximate sin 3. Perform all arithmetic by hand.
- 9. A galley trapped in a whirlpool follows a path given in polar coordinates by $r = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\theta}}$, where the radius is measured in furlongs. Find how quickly the ship is moving toward the center of the whirlpool if it is half a furlong from the center and circles the vortex 6 times per minute.
- 10. The height of a weight attached to the end of a spring t seconds after release is given by $4 4e^{-t} \cos t$. Find the maximum and minimum height of the weight.