Exam 1

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Each problem is worth 15 points. Show all your work for full credit; numerical or graphical estimates are unacceptable unless specifically requested.

1. Graph each of the following sets of parametric equations:

(a) 
$$\begin{cases} x = \csc t \\ y = \cot^2 t & \left(-\frac{\pi}{2} < t < \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \end{cases}$$
  
(b) 
$$\begin{cases} x = \ln t \\ y = \ln (t)^2 - 1 \end{cases}$$

- 2. For the function  $f(x) = \frac{x-3\sqrt{x}-4}{\sqrt{x}-4}$ ,
  - (a) Find  $\lim_{x\to 16} f(x)$  using the limit laws.

(b) Check your answer from part 2a by approximating the limit with a table of values.

- 3. For the functions  $f(x) = \frac{3|x|}{x} + 4$  and  $g(x) = 4 \frac{3|x|}{x}$ , find the value of the limit or explain why it does not exist. For parts 3a, 3b, 3d, and 3e, you may use a graph to find the value of the limit.
  - (a)  $\lim_{x\to 0^+} f(x)$
  - (b)  $\lim_{x\to 0^-} f(x)$
  - (c)  $\lim_{x\to 0} f(x)$
  - (d)  $\lim_{x\to 0^+} g(x)$
  - (e)  $\lim_{x\to 0^-} g(x)$
  - (f)  $\lim_{x\to 0} g(x)$
  - (g)  $\lim_{x\to 0^+} (f+g)(x)$
  - (h)  $\lim_{x\to 0^{-}} (f+g)(x)$
  - (i)  $\lim_{x\to 0} (f+g)(x)$
  - (j)  $\lim_{x\to 0^+} (fg)(x)$
  - (k)  $\lim_{x\to 0^{-}} (fg)(x)$
  - (l)  $\lim_{x\to 0} (fg)(x)$

4. Show that

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{\sin x}{e^x} = 0$$

5. For the function f(x) and each of the points a listed below, determine whether f(x) is continuous at x = a and explain why:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{x}\right) & \text{if } x < -1\\ \frac{|x|}{x} & \text{if } -1 \le x \le 1\\ \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{x}\right) & \text{if } x > 1 \end{cases}$$

(a) a = -2

(b) 
$$a = -1$$

(c) 
$$a = 0$$

(d) 
$$a = 1$$

(e) a = 2

6. Find

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{\sqrt[3]{216x^9 - 7x}}{3x^3 + 14}$$

7. State the formal definition of the limit, and use the definition to prove that

$$\lim_{x \to 5} (2x + 2) = 12$$

Illustrate your proof with a diagram showing f(x), L, a,  $L + \epsilon$ ,  $L - \epsilon$ ,  $a + \delta$ , and  $a - \delta$ .

8. (Bonus) Find

$$\lim_{h \to 0} \frac{\sqrt[4]{81+h} - 3}{h}$$