

20 points

1. Write the definition of derivative. Use proper mathematical notation.

$$f'(x) = \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x + \Delta x) - f(x)}{\Delta x}$$

*Must have both  $f'(x)$  and  $(-)$  correct for this point*  
*if (+) then (-) or, or ÷*

20  
5

2. Find the formula that computes the slope of the curve at any x (i.e. find it's derivative) for  $f(x) = 5 - 3x - x^2$ . Use the definition of derivative. Use proper notation.

$$f'(x) = \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{5 - 3(x + \Delta x) - (x + \Delta x)^2 - (5 - 3x - x^2)}{\Delta x}$$

*every step*

$$= \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{5 - 3x - 3\Delta x - (x^2 + 2x\Delta x + (\Delta x)^2) - 5 + 3x + x^2}{\Delta x}$$

*correct work*  
*always 0-1-2 though scale*

$$= \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cancel{5} - \cancel{3x} - 3\Delta x - \cancel{x^2} - 2x\Delta x - (\Delta x)^2 - \cancel{5} + \cancel{3x} + \cancel{x^2}}{\Delta x}$$

$$= \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(-3\Delta x - 2x\Delta x - \Delta x^2) \Delta x}{\Delta x} = \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} (-3 - 2x - \Delta x) = \boxed{-3 - 2x}$$

3. Find the slope for the function in #2 when  $x = 7$ . Use proper notation.

*m or*  $f'(7) = -3 - 2(7) = -3 - 14 = \boxed{-17}$

4. Fill in the blank: This represents the slope of the tangent line to the function at  $x=7$ .

5. Write the equation of the tangent line to the function in #2 at  $x=7$ .

$$y = mx + b$$

$$-65 = -17(7) + b$$

$$\boxed{y = -17x + 54}$$

*any  $y = mx + b$*

$$f(7) = 5 - 3(7) - (7)^2$$

$$= 5 - 21 - 49$$

$$= -16 - 49 = -65$$

$$-65 = 119 + b$$

$$b = 119 + 65 = 184$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 17 \\ \times 7 \\ \hline 119 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 119 \\ -65 \\ \hline 54 \end{array}$$

6. Want to know a shortcut? Compare  $f(x)$  and it's derivative from #2 then try to figure out a shortcut algorithm that might give you the same result (without using the definition of derivative). Write that algorithm below:

*Multiply by exponent; Subtract 1 from exponent*

*No points*

9  
2  
1  
3