## Name

SHOW AS MUCH WORK AS POSSIBLE BECAUSE YOU MAY RECEIVE PARTIAL CREDIT FOR THE WORK YOU DO IF YOUR ANSWER IS INCORRECT.

1. Set up (**but don't solve**) the derivative of  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x^2}$  using <u>both</u> of the derivative definitions. (DON'T USE THE POWER RULE.)

$$f'(x) = \lim_{x \to a} \frac{\frac{1}{x^2} - \frac{1}{a^2}}{x - a}$$

 $f'(x) = \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{\frac{1}{(x+h)^2} - \frac{1}{x^2}}{h}$ 

2. Find and simplify y' where  $y = x^2 - 2x^2 \ln x$ .

$$y = x^{2} - 2x^{2} \ln x$$

$$y' = 2x - 2 \cdot D_{x} \left(x^{2} \ln x\right)$$

$$D_{x} \left(x^{2} \ln x\right) = (2x) \cdot \ln x + x^{2} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{x}\right) = 2x \ln x + x$$

$$y' = 2x - 2 \cdot (2x \ln x + x)$$

$$y' = 2x - 4x \ln x - 2x$$

$$\boxed{y' = -4x \ln x}$$