Homework Set # 6 – Math 371 – Fall 2009 Quiz Date: 10/29/2009

- - (a) Construct the matrix problem $X\vec{\beta} = \vec{y}$ associated to this data assuming that you are looking for the least-squares linear approximation. Does this matrix have full rank?
 - (b) Find the associated "normal equations" i.e. find the system $N\vec{\beta} = \vec{z}$, where $N = X^T X$ and $\vec{z} = X^T \vec{y}$. Is this problem well or ill conditioned?
 - (c) Construct the matrix problem associated to this data assuming that you are looking for the least-squares quadratic approximation, and check the rank. Then find the associated "normal equations". Again, is this well or ill conditioned?
 - (d) Use MATLAB to solve the systems for both the linear and quadratic cases. Explain what exactly you solve, how you solve it, and why you chose that solution method.
 - (e) From the results you obtain, do you think that the underlying data set has behavior closer to linear or quadratic? Why?
- 2. Suppose H is a Householder reflection. Show that $H^T = H$ and $H^2 = I$.
- 3. Again, suppose that H is a Householder reflection, so that $H = I \rho \vec{u} \vec{u}^T$. Fix vector $\vec{x} \in \mathbb{R}^n$. Suppose further that u is obtained by

$$\vec{u} = \vec{x} + sign(x_k) ||\vec{x}||_2 \vec{e}_k \; .$$

Show that $H\vec{x} = C\vec{e}_k$ for some constant C.

4. Let $\vec{x} = [9; 2; 6]$. Use problem 3 to find the Householder reflection H that transforms \vec{x} into

$$H\vec{x} = \left(\begin{array}{c} -11\\0\\0\end{array}\right)$$

What Householder reflection H_2 would instead transform \vec{x} into

$$H_2 \vec{x} = \left(\begin{array}{c} 0\\ -11\\ 0 \end{array}\right) ?$$